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# Nigeria's Debt Profile Lagos Chamber of Commerce and Industry

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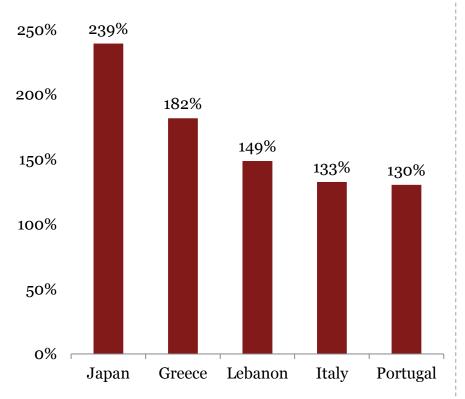
16 November 2018



### Is there a looming financial crisis in 2019?

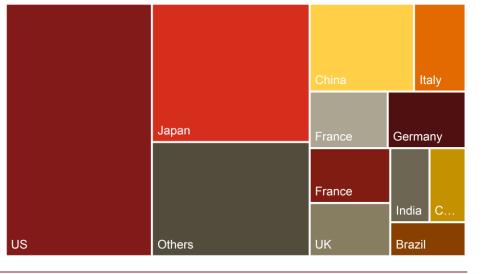
#### Top 5 Highest Government Debtto-GDP Ratios in the World

300%



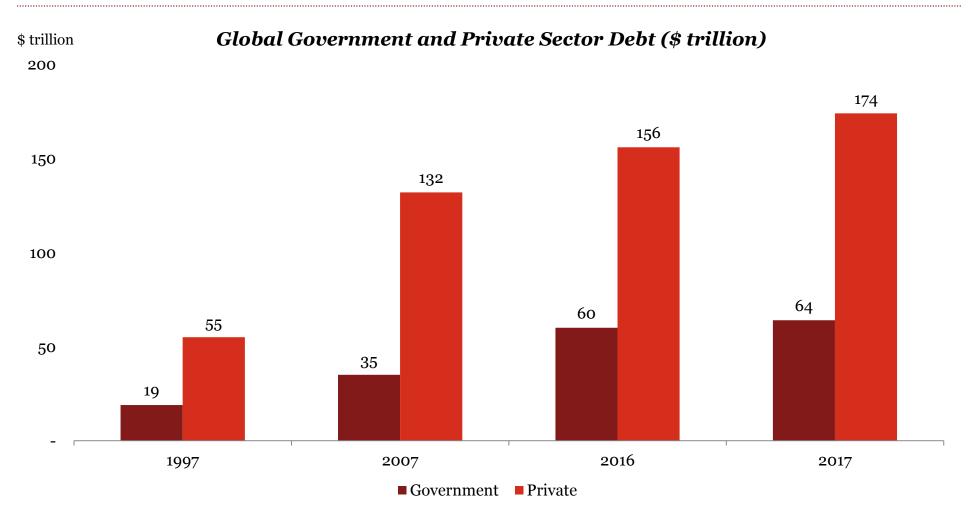
- ✓ Global debt hit a record \$164 trillion in 2016 and is set to trigger the next financial crisis
- ✓ Slowing demand in China has caused a slow down in production around the globe, raising the question of how countries will repay their debts.
- ✓ The United States is the world's largest debtor, contributing 30% to global debt.

#### **Percentage of World Debt by Country**

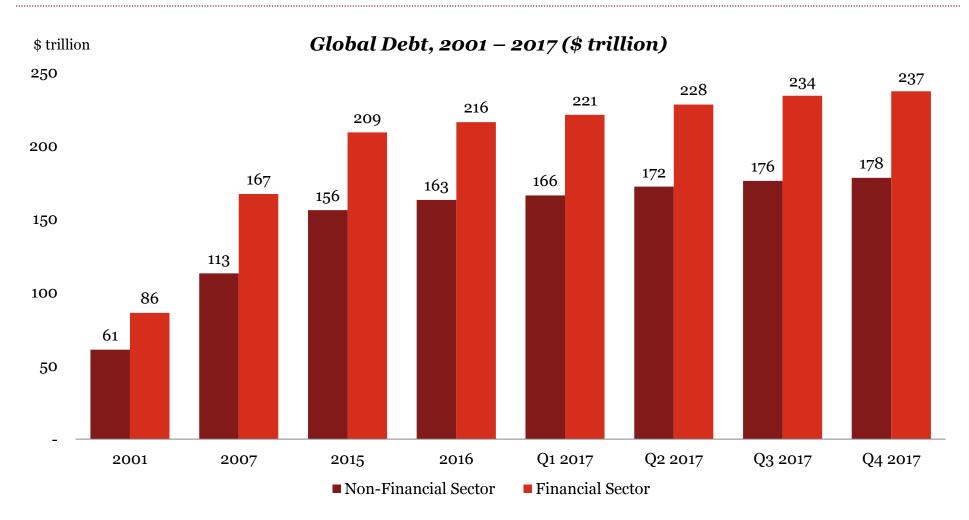


Source: Institute of International Finance

## Global debt is largely driven by private borrowing – corporate and household debt...

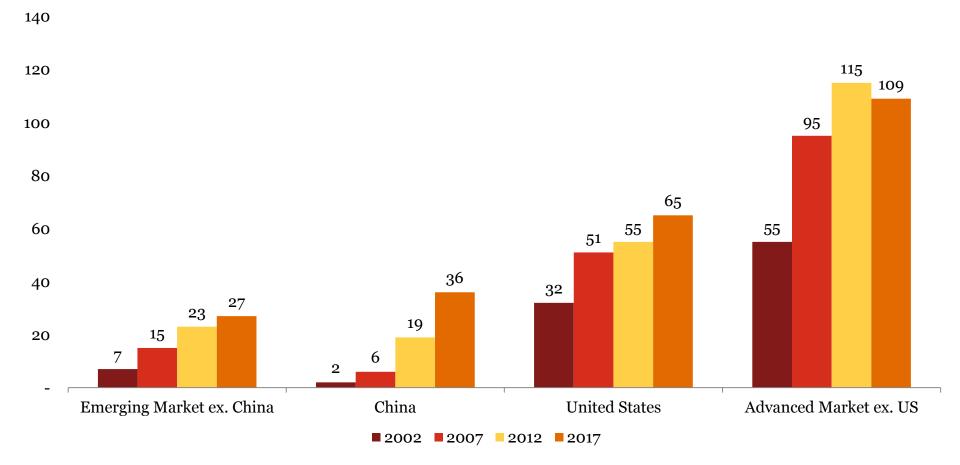


### ...and the financial sector holds majority of private debt



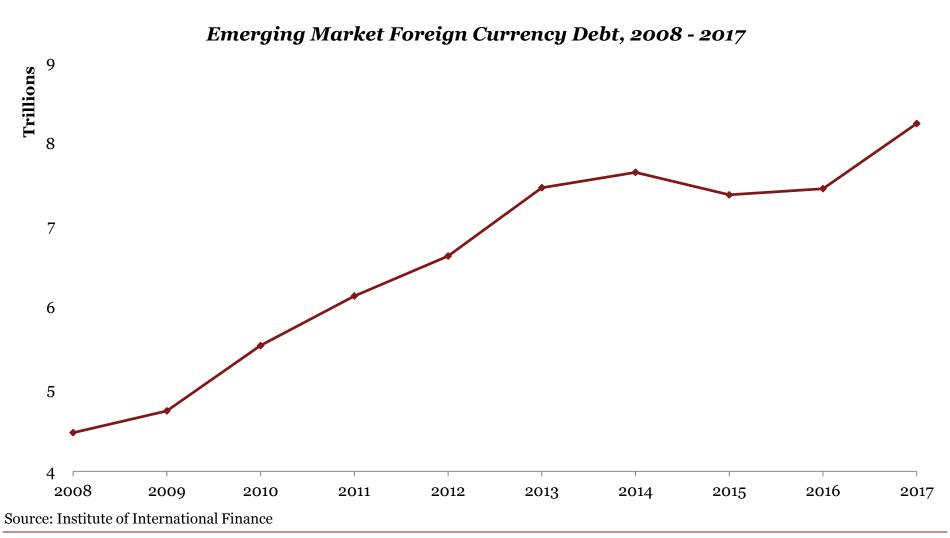
### China has grown to be the largest debtor in Emerging Markets over the last 15 years, while the US is the largest debtor in advanced markets and the world





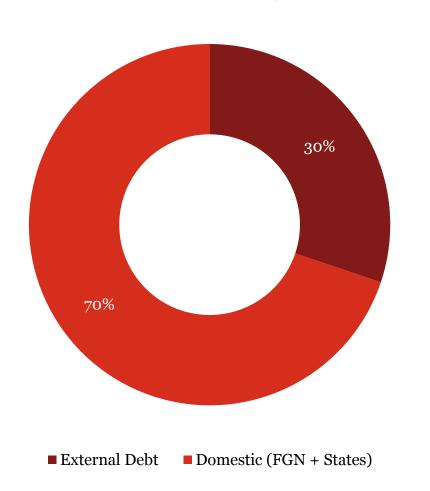
Source: Institute of International Finance

# Emerging market debt has doubled over the last decade, exceeding \$8 trillion in 2017



# Nigeria's public debt portfolio is heavily exposed to domestic debt which is more expensive to service

#### Nigeria's Pubic Debt Stock as at 30 June 2018



	Domestic Debt (N'trillion)	External Debt (\$'billion)	
FGN	12.1	22.08	
36 states and the FCT	3.4		
Total	15.6	22.08	
Contribution (%)	70%	30%	

Source: DMO

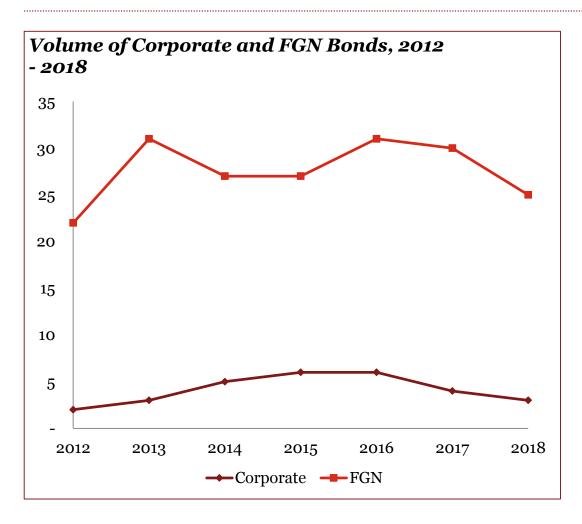
### With government expenditure exceeding revenue, the federal deficit is on the rise, which fuels more government borrowing

#### Federal Budget 2017 - 2018

	2017 Approved (N trillion)	2017 Proposed (N trillion)	2018 Approved (N trillion)	2018Proposed (N trillion)
Expenditure	7.44	7.29	9.12	8.61
Revenue	5.08	4.94	6.61	6.61
Deficit	2.35		2.51	

Source: Budget Office of the Federation

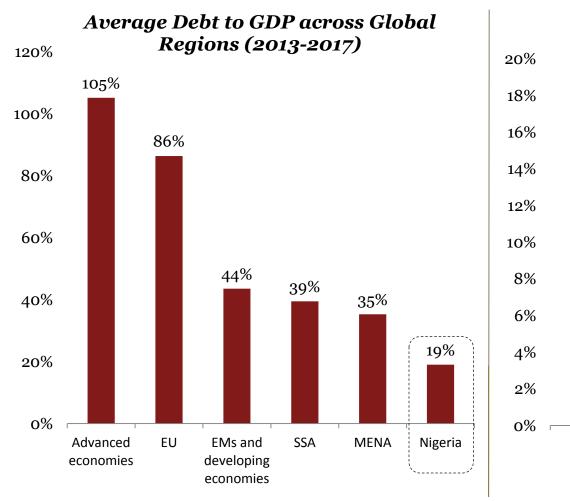
### Unlike other emerging markets, the government is the dominant borrower in the Debt Capital Market, with bonds exceeding N12 trillion in 2017

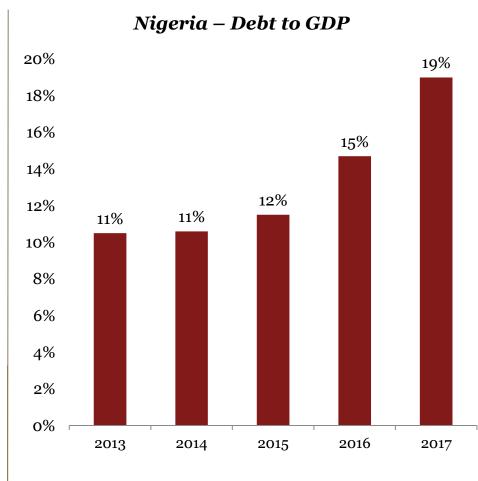


✓ Heavy government borrowing has caused corporate bond yields to increase to levels nearly equivalent to regular bank financing, discouraging corporate issuers from seeking credit through the bond market

Source: CBN, FMDQ, PwC Analysis

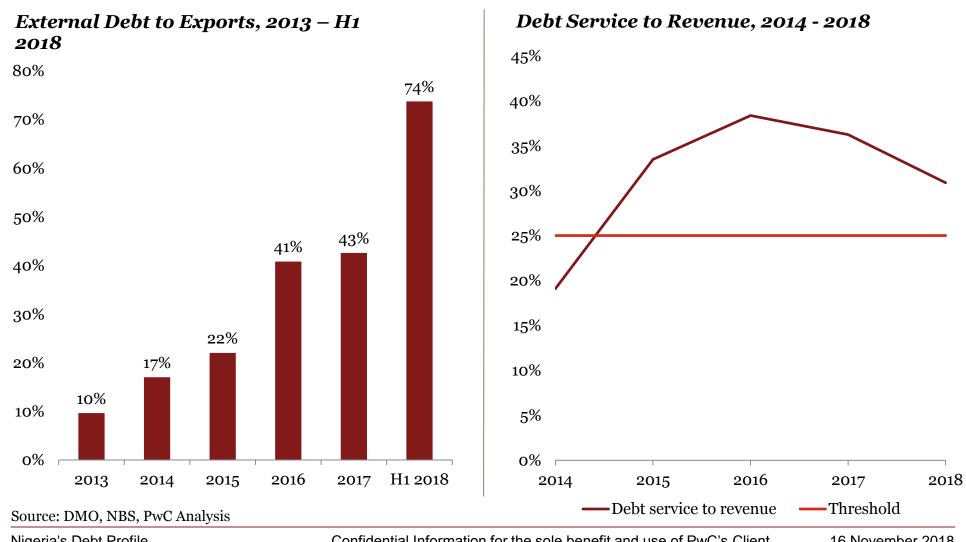
# Despite increased borrowing, Nigeria's debt to GDP remains low relative to other governments





Source: IMF, DMO

#### However, external debt to exports rose to 74% in the first half of 2018, while the national debt service ratio of 31% exceeds the 25% threshold recommended by the IMF



### Thank you.



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